

Решение волнового неоднородного уравнения на отрезке.

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$$u_{tt} = a^2 u_{xx} + f(t, x) \quad t > 0, \quad 0 < x < l$$
$$\begin{cases} u(0, x) = \varphi(x) \\ u_t(0, x) = \psi(x) \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} u(t, 0) = 0 \\ u(t, l) = 0 \end{cases}$$

Ищем решение сразу в виде ряда по собств. ф-циям задачи Ш.-ел.

$$u(t, x) = \sum_k u_k(t) X_k(x), \quad \text{где } X_k(x) \text{ - собств. ф-ция}$$

задачи $X'' = -\lambda^2 X$

$$\begin{cases} X(0) = 0 \\ X(l) = 0 \end{cases}, \text{ т.е. } X_k(x) = \sin \lambda_k x, \text{ где } \lambda_k = \frac{\pi k}{l}, k = 1, 2, \dots$$

подставим вид $u(t, x)$ в исходное ур-ние:

$$\sum_k u_k''(t) X_k(x) = a^2 \sum_k u_k(t) X_k''(x) + f(t, x)$$

$$\sum_k u_k''(t) X_k(x) = -a^2 \sum_k u_k(t) \lambda_k^2 X_k(x) + \sum_k f_k(t) X_k(x)$$

$$\text{где } f(t, x) = \sum_k f_k(t) X_k(x)$$

$$f_k(t) = \frac{1}{\|X_k\|^2} \int_0^l f(t, x) X_k(x) dx$$

$$u_k''(t) = -a^2 \lambda_k^2 u_k(t) + f_k(t)$$

подставим в ИУ

$$\begin{cases} \sum_k u_k(0) X_k(x) = \varphi(x) = \sum_k \varphi_k X_k(x) \\ \sum_k u_k'(0) X_k(x) = \psi(x) = \sum_k \psi_k X_k(x) \end{cases}$$

$$\varphi_k = \frac{1}{\|X_k\|^2} \int_0^l \varphi(x) X_k(x) dx$$

$$\psi_k = \frac{1}{\|X_k\|^2} \int_0^l \psi(x) X_k(x) dx \quad \Rightarrow$$

Неоднородные ГУ (продолжение)

Усложним ситуацию:

$$u_{tt} = a^2 u_{xx}$$

$$0 < x < l, t > 0$$

$$\text{ГУ} \begin{cases} u(0, x) = \varphi(x) \\ u_t(0, x) = \psi(x) \end{cases}$$

$$\text{ГУ} \begin{cases} u(t, 0) = m(t) \\ u(t, l) = 0 \end{cases}$$

Аналогично стр. 6

$$u = v + w$$

$$w = A - Bx, \text{ но } \begin{cases} A = A(t) \\ B = B(t) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} w(t, 0) = A = m(t) \\ w(t, l) = A - Bl = m(t) - Bl = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow B = \frac{m(t)}{l}$$

$$w(t, x) = m(t) - \frac{m(t)}{l} x = m(t) \left(1 - \frac{x}{l}\right)$$

подставим в неоднородную задачу $u = v + m(t) \left(1 - \frac{x}{l}\right)$

$$v_{tt} = a^2 v_{xx} + a^2 w_{xx} - w_{tt} = a^2 v_{xx} - \left(1 - \frac{x}{l}\right) m''(t)$$

$$\begin{cases} v(0, x) = \varphi(x) - w(0, x) = \varphi(x) - \left(1 - \frac{x}{l}\right) m(0) = \varphi_1(x) \\ v_t(0, x) = \psi(x) - w_t(0, x) = \psi(x) - \left(1 - \frac{x}{l}\right) m'(0) = \psi_1(x) \\ v(t, 0) = m(t) - w(t, 0) = m(t) - m(t) = 0 \\ v(t, l) = 0 - w(t, l) = 0 \end{cases}$$

т.е. приходим к задаче с неоднородностью

в уравнении

$$v_{tt} = a^2 v_{xx} + f(t, x) \quad t > 0, \quad 0 < x < l$$

$$\begin{cases} v(0, x) = \varphi_1(x) \\ v_t(0, x) = \psi_1(x) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} v(t, 0) = 0 \\ v(t, l) = 0 \end{cases}$$

Поиск:

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$$u_k''(t) = -a^2 \lambda_k^2 u_k(t) + f_k(t)$$

$$\begin{cases} u_k(0) = \varphi_k \\ u_k'(0) = \psi_k \end{cases}$$

решаем методом у ОДУ.

Пример:

$$u_{tt} = 16u_{xx} \quad t > 0 \quad 0 < x < 1$$

$$\begin{cases} u(t, 0) = 4t \\ u(t, 1) = -t \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u(0, x) = 0 \\ u_t(0, x) = 32\pi \sin 4\pi x + 4 - 5x \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u(t, 0) = 4t \\ u(t, 1) = -t \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u(0, x) = 0 \\ u_t(0, x) = 32\pi \sin 4\pi x + 4 - 5x \end{cases}$$

используем разложение в виде: $u = v + w$, где

$$\begin{cases} w(t, 0) = 4t \\ w(t, 1) = -t \end{cases}$$

$$w(t, x) = A - Bx$$

$$\begin{cases} w(t, 0) = A = 4t \\ w(t, 1) = 4t - B = -t \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= 4t \\ B &= 5t \Rightarrow w(t, x) = 4t - 5tx = \\ &= t(4 - 5x) \end{aligned}$$

$$v_{tt} = 16v_{xx}$$

$$\begin{cases} v(t, 0) = 0 \\ v(t, 1) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} v(0, x) = 0 \\ v_t(0, x) = 32\pi \sin 4\pi x \end{cases}$$

$$v(t, x) = \sum_k T_k(t) X_k(x), \text{ где } \begin{aligned} X_k(x) &= \sin \lambda_k x \\ \lambda_k &= \frac{\pi k}{1}, k=1, 2, \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$T_k(t) = A_k \sin(4\lambda_k t) + B_k \cos(4\lambda_k t)$$

$$\begin{cases} v(0, x) = \sum_k B_k \sin \lambda_k x = 0 \\ v_t(0, x) = \sum_k A_k 4 \lambda_k \sin \lambda_k x = 32\pi \sin 4\pi x \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} v(0, x) = \sum_k B_k \sin \lambda_k x = 0 \\ v_t(0, x) = \sum_k A_k 4 \lambda_k \sin \lambda_k x = 32\pi \sin 4\pi x \end{cases}$$

$$B_k = 0, k=1, 2, \dots$$

$$A_k = 0, k \neq 4, \quad A_4 = \frac{32\pi}{4 \cdot 4\pi} = 2$$

Ответ: $u(t, x) = 2 \sin(16\pi t) \sin(4\pi x) + t(4 - 5x)$

Пример:

$$u_{tt} = 64u_{xx} + 16 \cos 8t \sin x \quad t > 0, \quad 0 < x < \pi$$

$$\begin{cases} u(0, x) = 0 \\ u_t(0, x) = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} u(t, 0) = 0 \\ u(t, \pi) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$u(t, x) = \sum_k u_k(t) X_k(x), \text{ где } X_k(x) = \sin \lambda_k x$$
$$\lambda_k = k, \quad k = 1, 2, \dots$$

$$\sum_k u_k''(t) X_k(x) = -64 \sum_k u_k(t) k^2 X_k(x) + 16 \cos 8t X_1(x)$$

при $k \neq 1$ $u_k''(t) = -64 k^2 u_k(t)$ (I)

при $k = 1$ $u_1''(t) = -64 u_1(t) + 16 \cos 8t$ (II)

(I) $u_k(t) = A_k \sin(8kt) + B_k \cos(8kt)$

(II) $u_1''(t) = -64 u_1(t)$

$$u_{1,00} = A_1 \sin 8t + B_1 \cos 8t$$

$$u_{1,4H} = t(A \cos 8t + B \sin 8t)$$

$$u_{1,4H}' = A \cos 8t + B \sin 8t + t(-8A \sin 8t + 8B \cos 8t)$$

$$u_{1,4H}'' = (-8A \sin 8t + 8B \cos 8t) - 8A \sin 8t + 8B \cos 8t +$$

$$+ t(-64A \cos 8t - 64B \sin 8t) = t(-64A \cos 8t - 64B \sin 8t) + 16 \cos 8t$$

$$-16A \sin 8t + 16B \cos 8t = 16 \cos 8t \Rightarrow B=1, A=0$$

$$u_{4H} = t \sin 8t$$

$$u_1 = A_1 \sin 8t + B_1 \cos 8t + t \sin 8t$$

Нахождение констант

$$\begin{cases} \sum_k u_k(0) X_k(x) = 0 \\ \sum_k u_k'(0) X_k(x) = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} u_k(0) = 0 \\ u_k'(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} B_k = 0 \\ A_k = 0 \end{cases}$$

Ortem: $u(t, x) = t \sin 8t \sin x$

Mougewei nruuer.

$$u_{tt} = u_{xx} + 2 \sin^2 x \quad t > 0 \quad 0 < x < \pi$$

$$\begin{cases} u_x(t, 0) = 1 \\ u_x(t, \pi) = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u(0, x) = x \\ u_t(0, x) = \sin 5x \sin x \end{cases}$$

$$u = v + w$$

$$w_x(t, 0) = 1$$

$$w_x(t, \pi) = 1$$

$$w(t, x) = x$$

$$v_{tt} = v_{xx} + 1 - \cos 2x$$

$$\begin{cases} v_x(t, 0) = 0 \\ v_x(t, \pi) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} v(0, x) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} v_t(0, x) = \frac{1}{2} \cos 4x - \frac{1}{2} \cos 6x \end{cases}$$

Используем метод разложения по собственным ф-циям задачи Ш.-д.

$$X_n(x) = \cos \lambda_n x, \quad \lambda_n = \frac{\pi n}{\ell} = n, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$v(t, x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n(t) X_n(x)$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n''(t) X_n(x) = - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n(t) \cdot n^2 X_n(x) + X_0(x) - X_2(x)$$

$$\int \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n(0) X_n(x) = 0$$

$$\int \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} T_n'(0) X_n(x) = \frac{1}{2} X_4(x) - \frac{1}{2} X_6(x)$$

1) guess $n=0$

$$T_0''(t) = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} T_0(0) = 0 \\ T_0'(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} T_0(0) = 0 \\ T_0'(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

2) guess $n=2$

$$T_2''(t) = -4T_2(t) - 1$$

$$\begin{cases} T_2(0) = 0 \\ T_2'(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} T_2(0) = 0 \\ T_2'(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

3) given $n=4$

$$T_4''(t) = -16T_4(t)$$

$$\begin{cases} T_4(0) = 0 \\ T_4'(0) = \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

4) given $n=6$

$$T_6''(t) = -36T_6(t)$$

$$\begin{cases} T_6(0) = 0 \\ T_6'(0) = -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

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5) given $n \neq 0, 2, 4, 6$

$$T_n''(t) = -n^2 T_n(t)$$

$$\begin{cases} T_n(0) = 0 \\ T_n'(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

Решаем 5 полученных задач:

5) $T_n(t) = 0$, $n \neq 0, 2, 4, 6$

4) $T_n''(t) = -n^2 T_n(t)$

$T_n(t) = A_n \cos nt + B_n \sin nt$ ← общее решение

given $n=6$

$$T_6(t) = A_6 \cos 6t + B_6 \sin 6t$$

$$T_6(0) = A_6 = 0$$

$$T_6'(0) = 6B_6 = -\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow B_6 = -\frac{1}{12}$$

$$T_6(t) = -\frac{1}{12} \sin 6t$$

3) given $n=4$

$$T_4(t) = A_4 \cos 4t + B_4 \sin 4t$$

$$T_4(0) = A_4 = 0$$

$$T_4'(0) = 4B_4 = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow B_4 = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$T_4(t) = \frac{1}{8} \sin 4t$$

2) given $n=2$ надо решить неоднород. ур-ние

$$T_{244} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$T_2(t) = A_2 \cos 2t + B_2 \sin 2t - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$T_2(0) = A_2 - \frac{1}{4} = 0 \Rightarrow A_2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$T_2'(0) = 2B_2 = 0 \Rightarrow B_2 = 0$$

$$T_2(t) = \frac{1}{4}(\cos 2t - 1)$$

1) gew. $n=0$

$$T_0(t) = t + A_0$$

$$T_0(t) = \frac{t^2}{2} + A_0 t + B_0$$

$$T_0(0) = B_0 = 0$$

$$T_0'(0) = A_0 = 0$$

$$T_0(t) = \frac{t^2}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Antwort: } u(t, x) &= x + \frac{t^2}{2} + \frac{1}{4}(\cos 2t - 1) \cos 2x + \\ &+ \frac{1}{8} \sin 4t \cos 4x - \frac{1}{12} \sin 6t \cos 6x = \\ &= \frac{t^2}{2} - \frac{\sin^2 t}{2} \cos 2x + \frac{1}{8} \sin 4t \cos 4x - \frac{1}{12} \sin 6t \cos 6x \end{aligned}$$